

Chimney Swift Monitoring Form

Observation Date (mm/dd/yyyy) ___/___/2024 Chimney _____

Observers _____

Times (HH:MM 24 hours)

START	FINISH	SUNSET	FIRST ENTRY	LAST ENTRY

START TEMP	WIND SPEED	PRECIPITATION	CLOUD COVER	VIDEO (Y/N)

Total Swifts in for the Night _____

Maximum Number of Swifts Overhead at Same Time _____

Other Species (Common Nighthawk, Barn Swallow, Bat, etc.)

Comments: parking and monitoring conditions, tips for future monitors

TIME	IN	OUT		TIME	IN	OUT		TIME	IN	OUT
:		-	:		-	:				-
:		-	:		-	:				-
:		-	:		-	:				-
:		-	:		-	:				-
:		-	:		-	:				-
:		-	:		-	:				-
:		-	:		-	:				-
:		-	:		-	:				-
:		-	:		-	:				-
:		-	:		-	:				-

Wind, precipitation, and cloud cover, and guide are adapted from Birds Canada:

https://www.birdscanada.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/02/Ontario_Swiftwatch_Protocol_2020.pdf

Wind (Beaufort Scale)

- 0 Calm, smoke rises vertically
- 1 Light air, smoke drifts
- 2 Light breeze, wind felt on face
- 3 Gentle breeze, small twigs move
- 4 Moderate breeze, small branches move
- 5 Fresh breeze, small trees sway
- 6 Strong breeze, large branches in motion
- 7 Near gale, whole trees moving

Precipitation

- None
- Rain
- Hail
- Trace /Occasional Rain
- Thunderstorms

Cloud Cover (%)

- 0 Clear
- 1 10%
- 2 20%
- 3 30%
- 4 40%
- 5 50%
- 6 60%
- 7 70%
- 8 80%
- 9 90%
- 10 Overcast
- 11 Fog

The quick guide to swift monitoring

- Start the survey 30 min before sunset; end 30 min after sunset or until it is too dark to see.
- Survey a safe location in a public area.
- Under “Net Number of Swifts Entering Chimney”, record the estimated number of swifts in the chimney at the end of your watch.
- Individual birds may try a few “practice runs” before they enter the chimney. Do not count the birds that dive down but do not enter the chimney.
- Mentally “grab” groups of 5, 10, or 20 swifts as they enter the chimney. Counting large numbers of swifts can be challenging – do your best!
- During gaps in activity, tell your monitoring partner your latest subtotal (without taking your eyes off the chimney) and restart counting from zero.
- Have fun! Thank you for helping to monitor these special birds.

Shorthand for Submitting Entries and Exits (Ins and Outs)

- The time of any entry or exit is written as “:MM”.
- The hour can be determined from the time of the first entry.
- The number of entries is written as a number. If zero, the number can be omitted.
- The number of exits is written as a negative number. If zero, the number can be omitted.
- The values can be separated by one or more spaces to assist readability.
- Observations are separated by one or more spaces.
- Each observation can be on a separate line.

Original Format

7:32 1in
7:33 1 out
7:45 2 in 1 out
7:50 6 in
8:03 4 in
8:15 1 in

Shorthand Format (one line per observation)

:32 1
:33 -1
:45 2 -1
:50 6
:03 4

Shorthand Format (one line)

:32 1 :33 -1 :45 2 -1 :50 6 :03 4

If necessary, a computer program can translate the shorthand format into the original format with observations separated by semicolons.

7:32 1in; 7:33 1 out; 7:45 2 in 1 out; 7:50 6 in; 8:03 4 in; 8:15 1 in